



THURSDAY EVENING, FEB. 27 1896

THE State convention of the A. P. A. of Wisconsin has protested against the erection of the statue of Jacques Marquette in the statutory hall of the Capitol at Washington, for the reason that he was a Catholic. And this too, though Father Marquette was the explorer of the Mississippi, and though some of the most distinguished men this country has produced were Catholics, and though but for the assistance rendered by a Catholic nation, the success of the Revolutionary war would have been doubtful.

It is feared that those who are basing their hopes of the disintegration of the republican party upon the squabbles of the leaders of that party in Congress, will be disappointed. The republicans are too intent upon getting hold of the purse strings of the Treasury to allow such questions as the tariff and the currency to divide them at election day and thereby to diminish their chances of success. To them silver is cheap and low duties unprofitable, but both are preferable to inability to get into the Treasury vaults.

NO MATTER how unwise, unseemly and injurious Congressional jingoism may be, it is not unconstitutional; and if there be any constitutional warrant for Presidential jingoism, it cannot be found in the Constitution or in any thing the framers of that instrument wrote upon the subject, and the "father of his country," who refused a third, let alone a fourth nomination for the Presidency, warned the people of the country against it, in his farewell address.

The commander in chief of the G. A. R. says he "does not think the wearers of the blue can march with those clothed in the uniform of a cause that was shot to death by the Grand Army of the Republic thirty odd years ago," it is hardly probable the proposed joint procession of the "blue and gray" in New York, on the 4th of July, will take place. This is just as it should be, and should teach Southern gushers a lesson.

REV. DR. CAMPBELL of New York, in an address on the 22nd said, "if ever Abraham Lincoln made a mistake it was to give the suffrage to ignorant colored persons." The only thing wrong about this is the statement that Mr. Lincoln gave suffrage to the negroes. He didn't do it; that crime, for crime it was, and injurious alike to the negroes and the white people of the country, was committed by a republican Congress.

THOUGH the negroes here, as every where else in the South, supply the republican party with its only really effective strength, at the recent reorganization of that party here, not a single negro was chosen as a member of its committee. The committee is composed entirely of "lily whiter," but if the color line be extended to the voters of the party, the white side would show a beggarly array of empty benches.

THE New York Chamber of Commerce has determined to make an effort to induce both the republican and the democratic national conventions to declare in favor of the gold standard of value. There is hardly a doubt that it will succeed. As money secured the nomination of both the Presidential candidates in 1892, there is no reason why it should not be able to do so 1896.

CONGRESS is doing all it can to bring on a war with some country, and naturally selects a weak, though friendly one. The House committee on foreign affairs to-day agreed to report a resolution in favor of recognizing the belligerency of the insurgent negroes and mulattoes of Cuba. And such a resolution was supported by the Southern members of the committee.

THOUGH the late Henry C. Bowen was a prominent abolitionist, most of the notoriety he achieved was due to the by no means admirable part he took in the disgraceful Beecher-Tilton affair.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, February 27.—The Senate committee on interstate commerce gave a hearing this morning on the memorial from the national board of trade suggesting that the interstate commerce commission be required to publish a classification of freight articles and rules and regulations and conditions for freight transportation, which shall be known as the "national freight classification." A large delegation of men representing various departments of trade were present to urge favorable action by the committee.

The following change in the fourth class postoffices of Virginia were made to-day: Bowlers Wharf, Essex county, C. P. Garrett appointed postmaster, vice L. L. Neale, resigned; Talpa, Prince George county, A. W. Spiers, vice J. A. Spiers, resigned.

The Postoffice Department was to-day advised of the arrest last night at Topeka, Kansas, of Thomas H. Bain, president of the American coupon company, for violating the lottery laws.

and Medical Director Phillip S. Wales, ex-surgeon-general of the navy, each celebrated his 64th birthday to-day by retiring from active service on account of age.

Virginia republicans here to-day say that as between Reed and McKinley in their State it is nip and tuck. They say a strong effort will be made at their State convention to send an unpledged delegation to St. Louis, and that it will probably succeed, as the possibilities of such a delegation are infinitely greater than those of a delegation whose preference is known.

The republicans in both the Senate and House say, to-day, that as the democrats and populists have prevented any increase of revenue, there must be a general reduction of expenses, and that there is no river and harbor bill will therefore be passed this year, and that all other appropriations must be cut down to the lowest possible figures.

The commerce committee of the Senate to-day agreed to report in favor of the resolution directing an estimate to be made of the cost of deepening the channel of the western branch of the Elizabeth River.

Major Thomas P. Morgan died in this city this morning of neuralgia of the heart. He was 74 years of age, a native of Alexandria, Va., and had been a resident of Washington for 60 years. He was a member of the city council of Washington many years ago, was afterwards Chief of Police of this city and served as one of the commissioners of the District of Columbia by appointment from President Hayes. He was an uncle of Mr. Morgan H. Beach of Alexandria.

The Postoffice Department decided to-day that the people of Newport's News cannot have free mail delivery this year, though, possibly, some other year.

In the Senate to-day Mr. Daniel introduced a petition of the City Council of Newport's News for free mail delivery in that town; also of J. R. Mansfield, S. D. Deveraux and R. E. L. Tyler of Alexandria in favor of the Stone immigration bill; also petition of certain persons at Newport's News in behalf of the book agents of the M. E. Church South.

Among the strangers at the Capitol to-day was Mr. J. L. Miller of Lynchburg, Virginia, who is an applicant for a consulate.

Messrs. Thorpe and Yost, contestants for seats in the House from Virginia, were at the Capitol to-day. They think the reports in their cases will not be agreed upon before next week. The report in the case of Cornett vs. Swanson, from Virginia will, it is understood, be unanimously in favor of the contestants.

In the House to-day Mr. Hitt, from the committee on foreign affairs, reported a series of concurrent resolutions as a substitute for the several propositions and petitions referred to the committee on the subject of the Cuban revolution. They recite that in the opinion of Congress a state of public war exists in Cuba, the parties to which are entitled to recognition as belligerents and between which the United States should maintain an attitude of neutrality; that Congress declares the destruction of property in Cuba consequent upon the continuation of the war; that Cuba should have a government of the choice of its people, and that it is the sense of Congress that the government of the United States should use its good offices and friendly influence to bring this about; that because of the close proximity of Cuba, the war entails such a loss upon American interests as to demand protection of them, and that this government should intervene if necessary, and pledging the support of Congress to the President in carrying out these resolutions. The reading of the resolutions was liberally punctuated with applause. An effort was made by Mr. Meredith to secure unanimous consideration and passage of the resolutions, but Mr. McCall objected and Mr. Hitt stated that he was instructed to ask consideration at the earliest possible moment.

Mr. M. B. Shankland, executive clerk of the Senate, died at Round Hill, Va., last night from the effects of an attack of grip last winter. He was a native of Philadelphia and had been connected with the executive office of the Senate for 34 years.

Mr. Crow, from the committee on education, to-day reported a bill appropriating \$100,000 to aid in establishing homes in the States and Territories for teaching articulate speech and vocal language to deaf children before they are of school age.

THE INSTITUTION INVESTIGATION.—The subcommittee on public institutions, appointed to investigate the Deaf, Dumb and Blind Institution and the Western Lunatic Asylum, reported to the committee yesterday evening on the Deaf, Dumb and Blind Institution. The committee says: "We regret exceedingly to be unable to record our approval of the general condition of the institution. We carefully inspected its departments, including its dormitories, &c., for both sexes, together with the school rooms and work shops, and were forcibly impressed with their general surroundings, indicating an extremely unsatisfactory condition. We deem it best not to go into details with reference to it, as the joint committee appointed to investigate its management will doubtless submit a report covering everything appertaining to the institution and its management."

The investigation of the charges against the institution was resumed last night and will probably be continued to-day.

Last night Senator Mushbach, a member of the board, testified to having been on the board for eight years, and said that, for the past year or two, the board had been very harmonious, but prior to that time there was some little friction among the members. He had the highest opinion of the school, both as to morality and temperance. He differed with Dr. Winston, in that he wouldn't hesitate to place a child of his under Captain Doyle's care. Relative to the previous charge of drinking, preferred against Captain Doyle, which charge was investigated by witness, as a member of a sub-committee of the board, the Senator said there was no evidence to sustain the charge, and the investigation was as thorough as could have been made. When the sub-committee's report was filed, Dr. Quisenberry offered a resolution, setting forth that the charges had no foundation, in fact, Dr. Winston having testified that he had seen Captain Doyle drunk, said he couldn't vote for that resolution, whereupon it was changed to read that the facts adduced did not justify any action on the part of the board. This was adopted by a viva-voce vote, without a dissenting voice. There was never so far as he knew, any time when Dr. Winston, or any other member of the board, could not have introduced any resolution for the expulsion

of any teacher, or could not have made any protest against the action of the board, and had such resolution or protest entertained or considered. Witness could not recall any such protest ever having been made by Dr. Winston. Dr. Winston, witness said, was a member of the executive committee and that committee practically had control of the institution; and had he not considered the institution a proper place for afflicted children to be cared for, he occupied the very best position to remedy the evil.

Being asked as to the appropriation for the institution, Mr. Mushbach stated that it was very meagre, and was not sufficient to pay the running expenses of the institution, and left nothing for improvements. The main building, he testified, was constantly in need of repair, being over sixty years old, and its sanitary condition was not what it should be.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

Samuel Edison, the father of Thomas Edison, the inventor, died at Norwalk, O., yesterday, aged 92 years.

Thomas J. Shryock, the republican candidate for Governor, was yesterday elected State treasurer of Maryland, to succeed Spencer C. Jones.

A formidable revolution has broken out in Nicaragua against the government of President Zelaya. There has been fighting and Corinto has been captured by the revolutionists.

Through the good offices of Secretary Olney a compromise has been effected between England and Venezuela in the Yucatan incident. Arbitration will probably decide the boundary dispute.

The two men who murdered cashier Dorsey of the City National Bank, at Wichita Falls, Tex., on Tuesday, and then looted the bank, were captured yesterday. Last night they were taken from the jail by a mob and hanged to a telephone pole.

## VIRGINIA NEWS.

The Virginia Peanut Association was organized in Norfolk yesterday.

Rappahannock magistrate district, in King George county, went dry on Tuesday by a vote of 221 to 64.

The Masonic Temple and a store at Watchaprague, Accomac county, were burned on Tuesday. The loss was about \$4,000.

Wm. G. Robinson, of New York, known to fame as the originator of the baby incubator, died at Asheville, N. C., last night.

Mrs. Margaret Erskine Miller, wife of James Mason Miller, sr., died at Staunton Tuesday night after a long illness, aged seventy-six.

The residence of Mr. T. T. Dillard, near Belmont, in Spotsylvania county, was destroyed by fire yesterday. Most of the furniture was saved.

The Baptist Historical Society of Virginia met at Fredericksburg to-day with a large attendance. The session will last two days and nights.

Dr. J. G. Boxley, of Louisiana, is the latest democratic candidate for congress in this district. Messrs. Park Agnew and P. H. McCaul are spoken of as republican candidates.

Prince and Princess Troubetzkoy will leave Castle Hill, Albemarle county Friday for New York, thence sail for Europe. The reported illness of the Princess was incorrect.

The committee appointed to press the claims of Fredericksburg before Congress as a suitable place for establishing a national park held a meeting Tuesday, and by unanimous request Mayor Rowe increased the committee.

The subcommittee appointed by the House to examine the Western State Hospital at Staunton have made their report which has been adopted. The report is very flattering to the management of the institution and to Superintendent Blackford.

Gen. James G. Field, who was candidate for Vice-President on the populist ticket, in a letter to the Fredericksburg Free Lance announces that the populists, or free silverites, will have candidates of their own for Congress in every district in Virginia this fall.

B. H. Owen, Chief Deputy Organizer of the Order of Railway Telegraphers, committed suicide at the St. James Hotel, in Roanoke Tuesday night. His body was found in his room yesterday by a servant. Bad health is the only cause of the deed, so far as is known.

Rev. James R. Hubard died at his home in Norfolk on Tuesday night, aged 55 years. He studied divinity under Bishops Meade and Johns. He had been rector of the Episcopal churches at Winchester and Warrenton, and at the time of his death was rector of St. Thomas's Church, Berkeley, a suburb of Norfolk.

Miss May Mooney, a pretty young Boston girl, who has just joined the "Paradise Alley" company, of Richmond, refused to don tights yesterday at a rehearsal in compliance with the orders of the manager. The young lady, who joined the company in Richmond after her graduation, was positive in her declaration.

The congregation of the Grace Street Baptist Church, Richmond, whose beautiful edifice was burned on Tuesday, met in the First Presbyterian Church yesterday and decided to rebuild at once. Among the church buildings generously offered for temporary use was the Beth Ababa Jewish Synagogue, tendered by the rabbi and a committee.

On Tuesday night Knights Templar degrees were conferred on seven candidates from Culpeper by the commander in Fredericksburg, Five Sir Knights from Culpeper and six from Alexandria, Eminent Commander E. A. Warfield, C. A. Simpson, F. L. Van Auken and J. H. Fisher, being among the latter, went down to assist in the work. A banquet was served in honor of the visiting Sir Knights.

BURNED TO DEATH.—A fire broke out in a house belonging to Nelson Parker at Crisfield, Md., on Tuesday, burning the house and three children—one a baby two months old, one two years old and one four years old. The mother had gone to Rehoboth to purchase supplies and the father was in the woods engaged in cutting wood. The mother had locked the children in the house. It is supposed that the children, while playing with the fire, set the building on fire and were unable to make their escape. The father saw the smoke and ran to the house as fast as possible. When he arrived the house was a mass of flames and the children were burned to death. The charred remains were taken from the ruins with a pitchfork, and it was found that the skull of one of the children had been crushed by a piece of falling timber. The parents are prostrated with grief. It is said that the mother was nearly crazy with grief and felt herself directly responsible for their death.

## THE LEGISLATURE.

## SENATE.

The Senate yesterday pass the appropriation bill.

The bill to take the sense of the people of Virginia upon the call for a convention to amend and revise the constitution was taken up, the committee for courts of justice having reported the bill with a recommendation that it do not pass. Mr. Stubbs advocated the passage of the bill.

Bills were presented to amend section 3508 of the code in relation to the fees of sheriffs, constables, sergeants, criers and coroners; to repeal the law prohibiting the taking and catching of oysters under 2½ inches in length; to amend the code in relation to the working of the roads in King George county, and to incorporate the Virginia Transit Company.

The Senate passed Senate bills to amend the code in relation to taxation and allowances of costs in criminal cases; to amend section 3529 in relation to fees of public officers; to amend section 925 of the code relating to clerk's office, courthouse and jail stationery; to amend section 774 of the code requiring the auditor of public accounts to keep account against treasurers, also of court expenses; to amend section 3251 of the code relating to forms of actions, etc., on policies of insurance; to amend section 2849 of the code so as to declare, etc., what bills, etc., are negotiable, etc.; to amend section 2845, etc., of the code as to warrants for small claims, to amend the code in relation to the pay of electoral boards; for the prevention of accidents caused by the breaking of trolley wire on street railways; to amend section 3049 of the code in relation to designating judges, etc.; to amend section 3214 of the code in relation to suits in equity; suspending the time of redemption lands; to amend section 834 in relation to pay of sheriffs, etc.; to require a uniform rate of charges for telephone services.

Also house bills to authorize land owners to erect and maintain gates across private roads; to amend section 525 in relation to fees of commissioners of the revenue; to amend section 2042 of the code in relation to trespass by cattle; in relation to insurance companies and associations; to amend an act to require the payment of fees on charters, &c.; to amend an act for assessment of taxes, &c., for support of the government; joint resolution to provide for the creation of a labor reform commission; to amend section 2940 in relation to warrants for small claims; to amend section 2071 of the code in reference to unlawful hunting; to amend section 2493 in relation to incumbrances and liens; to amend section 2475 and 2476 of the code with reference to liens for work done, &c., and to amend section 3693 of the code as to prize fighters.

The committee on elections reported in favor of retaining Senator Flanagan, republican, of Powhatan, in his seat. The report declares that Mr. J. W. Parrish, of Goodland, the democratic contestant, is not entitled to the seat. The report was adopted.

## HOUSE.

In the House the Field relief resolution was finally adopted.

A bill was placed on the calendar to amend the act of 1891 in relation to the assessment of railroad property in the State.

Fills were introduced to extend the time for collecting certain taxes and levies; to amend an act in relation to chartered companies; to amend an act passed last month requiring the auditor to make a statement as to treasurers who are in arrears.

The afternoon session was devoted almost exclusively to the consideration of the bill reported from the committee on criminal expenses, which seeks to reduce the amounts annually paid to the commonwealth's attorneys of the State. The bill was finally passed, the only amendment being to increase the fees in Newport News from \$250 to \$400. The bill if it becomes a law will save the commonwealth considerably.

## FAUQUIER NOTES.

Mrs. Frank Curtis, aged seventy years, died at her home, near Orleans, recently.

Mr. T. B. McLearn and Miss Janie Rush were married at Meets station yesterday.

Mrs. Thompson Payne died at her home, near Marshall, on Thursday last after a brief illness.

Mr. Baldwin H. Spilman, brother of Mr. John R. Spilman, Mayor of Warrenton, and uncle of Mr. D. P. Wood, died at his home near Amisville on Thursday.

Mr. George E. Kirkpatrick and Miss Mattie Payne were married at the bride's home in Warrenton, by Rev. F. R. Boston, of the Baptist church, on Wednesday.

Mrs. Lula Sullivan, wife of Robert J. Sullivan, died in Warrenton on the 20th inst., aged 24 years. The deceased was the daughter of E. T. Laws, of Fauquier county.

John A. Marshall, or Gus Marshall as he was more popularly known when a boy in this county, has received the appointment to a federal judgeship in Utah which is for life at a salary of \$5,000 per year.

The school house at New Baltimore, a two room building, caught fire Thursday evening and was burned to the ground. Mr. A. S. McLearn's residence near St. Stephens was burned Friday night. The old McGuire residence, owned by Mr. F. W. Maddux, just across the road from "Oak Hill," was burned to the ground a few days ago.—Warrenton Virginian.

THE PILOT LAWS.—Some very interesting developments were made in regard to compulsory pilotage laws before a committee of the legislature last night in the discussion of an amendment from the Pilot's Association abolishing pilotage on coal barges. Several Richmond men appeared in opposition, and made the charge, which was not denied, that the concession was made in favor of the Norfolk and Western, and Chesapeake and Ohio Railroads to keep those corporations from taking part in the movement in Congress to pass a general law abolishing compulsory pilotage. A bill was introduced in the Virginia House on Tuesday looking to the abolishment of this tax on vessels in this State, but owing to the limited time remaining to the session it may not pass. It is now supposed that without the concession named the two railroad corporations referred to will throw the weight of their influence for the bill in Congress.

A three-story brick building in Detroit occupied by the Detroit White Lead Works, was partially gutted by fire this morning. The loss will reach \$50,000.

## FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.

## SENATE.

A resolution was reported from the committee on contingent expenses to authorize the committee on coast defenses to take testimony and to visit such places as may be necessary. This provision was objected to by Mr. Cockrell, on the ground that it would have a roving commission to the committee on coast defenses. The chairman of that committee, however, Mr. Squire, said that the committee might desire to examine the defenses of New York city, and he was willing to have that limitation put in the resolution. The resolution was amended in that way and was agreed to.

A resolution reported from the committee on printing for the printing of 35,000 copies of the report of Sheldon Jackson on the introduction of reindeer into Alaska, was commented upon and ridiculed by Mr. Vest, who spoke of the author as a man who had taken to this as a missionary and had taken to this as a missionary. Mr. Hale, who had reported the resolution, concurred in Mr. Vest's views, and remarked facetiously that the author of the report thought that there was no subject before Congress (finance, currency, tariff and attempted war with almost every nation under the sun) of such great importance. The resolution was agreed to after the number was cut down to 25,000.

Mr. Proctor addressed the Senate on the subject of coast defenses, taking for his text the words of Washington, "To be prepared for war is one of the most effectual ways of preserving peace." The exposed condition of the coast of the United States, he said, required no proof, and the necessity of defending it should require no argument.

At the close of his speech the bill for the construction of two first class steam revenue cutters for service on the Pacific coast was passed.

The Senate bill appropriating \$100,000 for a public building at Newport News, Va., was on motion of Mr. Daniel taken from the calendar and passed.

The army appropriation bill appropriating \$23,279,402, was then passed. The Cuban belligerency resolution was taken up; and on the suggestion of Mr. Morgan, in charge of it, unanimous consent was given that, as four o'clock to-morrow, the vote shall be taken on the resolution and all amendments. In the colloquy on the subject Mr. Hill said that he had desired to speak; but had to leave the city, and would not ask for delay; and Mr. Sherman said that he would occupy half an hour to-morrow in remarks on the resolution.

## HOUSE.

As soon as the journal of yesterday's proceedings was read in the House to-day the argument of the contested election case of Van Horn vs. Tarsney was resumed by Mr. Prince, who concluded his speech begun yesterday in support of the action and report of the majority of the elections committee No. 2. He contended that the contestee (Tarsney) was not entitled to further consideration in the matter because of his laches in conducting his side under the law.

At the conclusion of Mr. Prince's remarks an agreement was reached and announced to take a vote upon the report of the committee at 4:30 o'clock.

The proceedings were interrupted by Mr. Hill, who reported from the committee on foreign affairs the resolutions in favor of recognizing the belligerency of the Cuban insurgents. The reading by the clerk was frequently accompanied by applause from the comparative few members on the floor.

Mr. Wilson asked unanimous consent that the resolutions be made the special order for next Tuesday, immediately after the reading of the journal. "This is an important question," he said, "and should be considered as early as possible."

Mr. Meredith—I ask unanimous consent that they be considered now.

Mr. McCall—I object.

DEBATE IN THE SENATE.—In the Senate yesterday Mr. Carter, in his speech, criticized the position of certain republican Senators. He used very plain words in denouncing what he termed the movement to drive him and his silver associates out of the republican party. Mr. Hoar questioned Mr. Carter as to whether he intended to defeat any protective tariff bill unless Senators surrendered their convictions to him, and whether his construction of the Minneapolis platform agreed with the construction given to it by President Harrison. Mr. Carter responded with great vigor that Mr. Harrison's course had not been all that was desired, but it was at least a beacon of hope for the future. But it was not the construction applicable to the situation in the Senate to-day. Mr. Gear, of Iowa, questioned Mr. Carter upon the circumstances of framing the financial plank of the Minneapolis platform, bringing out that Senators Jones of Nevada, and Teller, of Colorado, had taken part in shaping that document. Mr. Carter asserted that, while this was true, the men who framed that plank never dreamed that the English language would permit such misconstruction of its terms. Mr. Teller and Mr. Sherman had some dialogue of a sharp character. It was an exciting session of the Senate.

A TOWN RUN BY WOMEN.—In Detroit, Mich., the population of which is 1,500, the president of the village council is Miss Alma Sage, and all of the town officers, except that of official dog catcher, are filled by women. Mrs. D. Kinney is one of the leading physicians. Mrs. Ada Gregg is a preacher and her church, the Advent, is taken care of by a janitress, Mrs. Barnett. The restaurant of the town is conducted by Mrs. Crane and Miss Haines. The biggest store in the place is owned and kept by Mrs. Mary School. Mrs. Nicholson is the postmistress. Miss Clara Hotelling is a shoemaker, and a good one. Miss May Percival is a furniture maker. Miss Anna Parnett is a harness maker. Mrs. Carpenter is a florist. Mrs. Child is a carriage painter. There are several women painters, weavers and brokers. The women have a secret literary club on the endowment of the town. There is a women's literary club. The women control the saloons, and the only things to drink are soda and pop. In a village near there is a woman undertaker, who can attend to all the details of a funeral, even to driving a hearse.

Lord Duraven in a letter to the committee of the New York Yacht Club, that investigated the charges made by him against the Defender, insists that the complaint was not unreasonably originated, and tenders his resignation as a member of the club.

## TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

From Richmond.

RICHMOND, Va., Feb. 27.—The Senate to-day passed the bills offered yesterday by Mr. Mushbach amending the charter of the city of Alexandria.

The Senate again failed to take up the Maupin bill.

## Lynched the Desperadoes.

WICHITA FALLS, TEX., Feb. 27.—Foster Crawford and Younger Lewis, alias "The Kid," who attempted to rob the City National Bank on Tuesday, being a hider Dorney and would-bookkeeper H. F. Langford, were arrested near Fort Worth after a desperate battle with the rangers, and brought here yesterday and placed in jail. A mob of several hundred persons quickly gathered and, reinforced by thousands of persons, attacked the jail, took out the prisoners and proceeded to where the crime was committed. Here, under a telegraph pole a scaffold was improvised. "The Kid" was placed on the scaffold and the rope fastened about his neck, while he alternately cursed and jeered the crowd in front of him. "Any message?" cried a voice in the crowd. "Well, tell my father that I did like a nery man," said the Kid. "Anything for your mother?" "No, she will see the message to the old man." "The Kid" continued talking and laughing with the crowd, then some one yelled: "Time's up!" "The Kid" said: "I am 20 years old and robbed that bank. I am dead game and ready to die. Go ahead." In an instant he was pulled up, above the throng. He never quivered or kicked. Men who have been on the frontier for years say no gamer man ever died. All the while Crawford began to wraken and finally confessed to the robbery but denied the murder. He was strung up along with his companion and their bodies were left hanging.

## Big Strike in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 27.—One of the largest labor strikes ever inaugurated in this city is now on in earnest. Five thousand members of the United Garment Workers' organization remained away from their work to-day. This general strike is the result of a smaller strike begun last week against Schloss Brothers & Co., and continued this week against Strouse Bros. The one demand of the strikers is for recognition of their organization in all the manufacturing establishments. In addition to the five thousand members of the Garment Workers' organizations there are other thousands affected by the strike. The ranks of the strikers and those affected directly or indirectly thereby, contain Bohemians, Lithuanians, Russian Jews, and German-Americans, both men and women.

## A Romantic Wedding.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., Feb. 27.—A romance had its sequel last night in the marriage of Matthew J. Miller, of Toledo, O., and Miss Anna Hayes, of this city. The courtship was strictly on paper and the engagement followed an exchange of photographs. While visiting this city during the dedication of the Chickamauga National Park in September last, Rev. George Miller, father of the groom and a Presbyterian minister, met Miss Hayes who was the daughter of an old friend. He carried home a group picture of the Hayes family and remarked to his son that he would present him with his farm near Toledo, if he would woo and wed Miss Hayes. The groom is a young man formerly in the drug business at Toledo and the bride is thirty-five years of age and a young Miller married the girl and will live on the farm.

## The Egyptian Question.

PARIS, Feb. 27.—The *Soliel* and the *Edair* assert that Great Britain's isolation and the efforts to which she has recently been subjected are likely to lead to a settlement of the Egyptian question, England accepting guarantees for the neutralization of the Suez canal.

## A Clerical Offender.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 27.—Dr. C. O. Brown, pastor of the First Congregational Church, of this city, against whom charges of immoral conduct are now being investigated, created a sensation in the council meeting last evening by charging the presiding judge with unfairness. The evidence submitted last night tended to show that undue intimacy existed between the doctor and his protégé, Miss Mattie Overman. The scandal is exciting enormous interest in church circles.

## Struck by a Train and Killed.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Feb. 27.—While returning from a party at 12 o'clock last night, Laura and Bertha Jiles, aged respectively 20 and 19 years, daughters of a farmer living at New Market, and Martin and E. Dunbar, of Stetson, were struck by a train on the Pennsylvania railroad. They were driving in a buggy and did not notice the approach of the train until it was too late to get out of the way. Laura Jiles was instantly killed, and the two men were probably dangerously hurt, but Bertha Jiles miraculously escaped without injury.

## Foreign News.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 27.—U. S. Minister Terrell has received information from Maras that a massacre has been reported as having occurred at Adana in which twelve Armenians were killed and forty wounded.

## [COMMUNICATED.]

Begging on the streets by the indigent and needy is prohibited in this city, but the reprehensible habit of children of both colors and sexes being allowed to solicit aid for all sorts of societies, churches, Sunday schools, etc., remains unabated and, it might be said, is on the increase. People waiting on the principal thoroughfares or engaged in shopping are stopped many times during the day until now it has become a source of complaint, and the question is asked, what can parents be thinking about to allow the principles of soliciting aid to be inculcated in the character of their children. Many of the objects are no doubt worthy of the contribution at they receive, but there is room for fraud, and, doubtless, many avail themselves of it for personal gain.

## OBSERVER.

BISHOP NEWTON'S APPOINTMENTS.—The following are among Bishop Newton's appointments: March—22, Warrenton, Fauquier; 23, St. Stephens, Fauquier; 24, Grace, Fauquier; 25, St. Luke's, Fauquier; April—7, St. John's, King George; 8, St. Paul, King George; 9, St. Peter's, Westmoreland; 10, Montross, Westmoreland; 12, a. m. St. Paul's, Alexandria; p. m. Christ, Alexandria; 22, Grace, Fauquier; 23, St. John's, King George; 24, Christ, Millwood; 25, Marde Memorial, White Post; 26, Calvary, Front Royal; May—5, p. m. Grace, Alexandria.

## MEDICINAL.

Rev. John DeWitt, D.D.

of the THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY, New Brunswick, N. J., writes: "I am satisfied that Dr. Deane's Dyspepsia Pills are all right. They have cured my case."